

## Chapter 9

### GENERAL LEASING POLICIES

#### INTRODUCTION

This Section covers the lease-up process from the family's submission of a Request for Tenancy Approval to execution of the HAP contract.

In order for the HAPGC to assist a family in a particular dwelling unit, or execute a Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contract with the owner of a dwelling unit, the HAPGC must determine that all the following program requirements are met:

- The unit itself must qualify as an eligible unit [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The unit must be inspected by the HAPGC and meet the Housing Quality Standards (HQS) [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The lease offered by the owner must be approvable and must include the required Tenancy Addendum [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The rent to be charged by the owner for the unit must be reasonable [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The owner must be an eligible owner, approvable by the HAPGC, with no conflicts of interest [24 CFR 982.306]
- For families initially leasing a unit only: Where the gross rent of the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the share of rent to be paid by the family cannot exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income [24 CFR 982.305(a)]

**9-I.A. TENANT SCREENING**

The HAPGC has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy [24 CFR 982.307(a)(1)].

The PHA may elect to screen applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy. See Chapter 3 for a discussion of the PHA's policies with regard to screening applicant families for program eligibility [24 CFR 982.307(a)(1)].

The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit. At or before HAPGC approval of the tenancy, the HAPGC must inform the owner that screening and selection for tenancy is the responsibility of the owner [24 CFR 982.307(a)(2)].

The PHA must also inform the owner or manager or his/her rights and obligations under the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) [24 CFR 5.2005(a)(2)].

The PHA will not provide additional screening information to the owner.

The PHA will provide the family's current and prior address and the name and address of the landlord when requested in writing.

The HAPGC is permitted, but not required, to offer the owner other information in the HAPGC's possession about the family's tenancy [24 CFR 982.307(b)(2)].

The HAPGC's policy on providing information to the owner must be included in the family's briefing packet [24 CFR 982.307(b)(3)].

**9-I.B. REQUESTING TENANCY APPROVAL [Form HUD-52517]**

After the family is issued a voucher, the family must locate an eligible unit, with an owner or landlord willing to participate in the voucher program. Once a family finds a suitable unit and the owner is willing to lease the unit under the program, the owner and the family must request the HAPGC to approve the assisted tenancy in the selected unit.

The owner and the family must submit two documents to the HAPGC:

- Completed Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA) – Form HUD-52517
- Copy of the proposed lease, including the HUD-prescribed Tenancy Addendum – Form HUD-52641-A

The RFTA contains important information about the rental unit selected by the family, including the unit address, number of bedrooms, structure type, year constructed, utilities included in the rent, and the requested beginning date of the lease, necessary for the HAPGC to determine whether to approve the assisted tenancy in this unit. For multifamily units, the owner shall provide the last 3 comparable units rent that were leased at the complex.

Owners must certify to the most recent amount of rent charged for the unit and provide an explanation for any difference between the prior rent and the proposed rent.

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Owners must certify that they are not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the HAPGC has granted a request for reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities who is a member of the tenant household.

For units constructed prior to 1978, owners must either 1) certify that the unit, common areas, and exterior have been found to be free of lead-based paint by a certified inspector; or 2) attach a lead-based paint disclosure statement.

Both the RFTA and the proposed lease must be submitted no later than the expiration date stated on the voucher. [HCV GB p.8-15].

#### HAPGC Policy

The HAPGC will review the Request for Tenancy Approval and Lease, particularly noting the approvability of the contract rent and security deposit amounts;

Discuss any inconsistencies or omissions with the family and the owner;

Check that there are no conflicts of interest;

Negotiate the rent and security deposit amounts, if applicable; and

Schedule an HQS inspection of the unit.

The RFTA must be signed by both the family and the owner.

The owner may submit the RFTA on behalf of the family.

Completed RFTA (including the proposed dwelling lease) must be submitted as hard copies, in-person or by mail.

The family may not submit, and the HAPGC will not process, more than one (1) RFTA at a time.

When the family submits the RFTA, the HAPGC will review the RFTA for completeness.

If the RFTA is incomplete (including lack of signature by family, owner, or both), or if the dwelling lease is not submitted with the RFTA, the HAPGC will notify the family and the owner of the deficiencies.

Missing information and/or missing documents will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, or by fax. The HAPGC will not accept missing information over the phone.

When the family submits the RFTA and proposed lease, the HAPGC will also review the terms of the RFTA for consistency with the terms of the proposed lease.

If the terms of the RFTA are not consistent with the terms of the proposed lease, the HAPGC will notify the family and the owner of the discrepancies.

Corrections to the terms of the RFTA and/or the proposed lease will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, or by fax. The HAPGC will not accept corrections by phone.

Because of the time sensitive nature of the tenancy approval process, the HAPGC will attempt to communicate with the owner and family by phone, fax, or email. The HAPGC will use mail when the parties can't be reached by phone, fax, or email.

The lease will be approved if:

The unit met Housing Quality Standards and any additional standard identified in this Administrative Plan;

The rent is determined to be reasonable under the HAPGC rent reasonableness standards.

When the gross rent for the unit exceeds the payment standard for the family, the participant will not be required to pay more than 40% of monthly adjusted income for rent and utilities on the initial lease.

The security deposit amount is consistent with state and local practice for unassisted units;

The proposed lease complies with HUD requirements;

The owner, unit and family continue to be eligible; and

The owner or owner's agent has supplied a Social Security Number or Employer Identification Number and an IRS form W-9.

The HAPGC will not pay assistance on behalf of a family to any owner prior to the effective date of a lease and contract, executed by all parties.

If the lease is disapproved, the owner and family will be provided an opportunity to correct the problem prior to a specific date established by the HAPGC.

If the lease is approved, final computations of Total Tenant Payment, Tenant Rent, Utility Reimbursement Payment, and Housing Assistance Payments will be completed. The Housing Assistance Contract will be prepared for execution.

Upon completion of the documents, the family and the owner will execute the lease agreement and tenancy addendum and the owner and the HAPGC will execute the HAP Contract.

Copies of the documents will be furnished to the parties who signed the respective documents

### **9-I.C. OWNER PARTICIPATION**

The HAPGC does not formally approve an owner to participate in the HCV program. However, there are a number of criteria where the HAPGC may deny approval of an assisted tenancy based on past owner behavior, conflict of interest, or other owner-related issues. No owner has a right to participate in the HCV program [24 CFR 982.306(e)]

See Chapter 13 for a full discussion of owner qualification to participate in the HCV program.

### 9-I.D. ELIGIBLE UNITS

There are a number of criteria that a dwelling unit must meet in order to be eligible for assistance under the voucher program. Generally, a voucher-holder family may choose any available rental dwelling unit on the market in the HAPGC's jurisdiction. This includes the dwelling unit they are currently occupying.

#### **Ineligible Units [24 CFR 982.352(a)]**

The HAPGC may not assist a unit under the voucher program if the unit is a public housing or Indian housing unit; a unit receiving project-based assistance under section 8 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f); nursing homes, board and care homes, or facilities providing continual psychiatric, medical, or nursing services; college or other school dormitories; units on the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, and similar public or private institutions; a unit occupied by its owner or by a person with any interest in the unit.

#### **HAPGC-Owned Units [24 CFR 982.352(b)] (Not Applicable)**

Otherwise eligible units that are owned or substantially controlled by the HAPGC issuing the voucher may also be leased in the voucher program. In order for a HAPGC-owned unit to be leased under the voucher program, the unit must not be ineligible housing and the HAPGC must inform the family, both orally and in writing, that the family has the right to select any eligible unit available for lease and that the family is free to select a HAPGC-owned unit without any pressure or steering by the HAPGC.

#### HAPGC Policy

The HAPGC **does not have** eligible HAPGC-owned units available for leasing under the voucher program.

#### **Special Housing Types [24 CFR 982 Subpart M]**

HUD regulations permit, but do not generally require, the HAPGC to permit families to use voucher assistance in a number of special housing types in accordance with the specific requirements applicable to those programs. These special housing types include single room occupancy (SRO) housing, congregate housing, group home, shared housing, manufactured home space (where the family owns the manufactured home and leases only the space), cooperative housing and homeownership option. See Chapter 15 for specific information and policies on any of these housing types that the HAPGC has chosen to allow.

The regulations do require the HAPGC to permit use of any special housing type if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

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**Duplicative Assistance [24 CFR 982.352(c)]**

A family may not receive the benefit of HCV tenant-based assistance while receiving the benefit of any of the following forms of other housing subsidy, for the same unit or for a different unit:

- Public or Indian housing assistance;
- Other Section 8 assistance (including other tenant-based assistance);
- Assistance under former Section 23 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (before amendment by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974);
- Section 101 rent supplements;
- Section 236 rental assistance payments;
- Tenant-based assistance under the HOME Program;
- Rental assistance payments under Section 521 of the Housing Act of 1949 (a program of the Rural Development Administration);
- Any local or State rent subsidy;
- Section 202 supportive housing for the elderly;
- Section 811 supportive housing for persons with disabilities; (11) Section 202 projects for non-elderly persons with disabilities (Section 162 assistance); or
- Any other duplicative federal, State, or local housing subsidy, as determined by HUD. For this purpose, 'housing subsidy' does not include the housing component of a welfare payment, a social security payment received by the family, or a rent reduction because of a tax credit.

**Housing Quality Standards (HQS) [24 CFR 982.305 and 24 CFR 982.401]**

In order to be eligible, the dwelling unit must be in decent, safe and sanitary condition. This determination is made using HUD's Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and/or equivalent state or local standards approved by HUD. See Chapter 8 for a full discussion of the HQS standards, as well as the process for HQS inspection at initial lease-up.

**Unit Size**

In order to be eligible, the dwelling unit must be appropriate for the number of persons in the household. A family must be allowed to lease an otherwise acceptable dwelling unit with fewer bedrooms than the number of bedrooms stated on the voucher issued to the family, provided the unit meets the applicable HQS space requirements [24 CFR 982.402(d)]. The family must be allowed to lease an otherwise acceptable dwelling unit with more bedrooms than the number of bedrooms stated on the voucher issued to the family. See Chapter 5 for a full discussion of subsidy standards.

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**Rent Reasonableness [24 CFR 982.305 and 24 CFR 982.507]**

In order to be eligible, the dwelling unit must have a reasonable rent. The rent must be reasonable in relation to comparable unassisted units in the area and must not be in excess of rents charged by the owner for comparable, unassisted units on the premises. See Chapter 8 for a full discussion of rent reasonableness and the rent reasonableness determination process.

**Rent Burden [24 CFR 982.508]**

Where a family is initially leasing a unit and the gross rent of the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the dwelling unit rent must be at a level where the family's share of rent does not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income. See Chapter 6 for a discussion of calculation of gross rent, the use of payment standards, and calculation of family income, family share of rent and HAP.

**9-I.E. LEASE AND TENANCY ADDENDUM**

The family and the owner must execute and enter into a written dwelling lease for the assisted unit. This written lease is a contract between the tenant family and the owner; the HAPGC is not a party to this contract.

The tenant must have legal capacity to enter a lease under State and local law. 'Legal capacity' means that the tenant is bound by the terms of the lease and may enforce the terms of the lease against the owner [24 CFR 982.308(a)]

**Lease Form and Tenancy Addendum [24 CFR 982.308]**

If the owner uses a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants in the locality or the premises, the lease must be in such standard form. If the owner does not use a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the owner may use another form of lease. The HAP contract prescribed by HUD contains the owner's certification that if the owner uses a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the lease is in such standard form.

All provisions in the HUD-required Tenancy Addendum must also be added word-for-word to the owner's standard lease form, for use with the assisted family. The Tenancy Addendum includes the tenancy requirements for the program and the composition of the household as approved by the HAPGC. As a part of the lease, the tenant shall have the right to enforce the Tenancy Addendum against the owner and the terms of the Tenancy Addendum shall prevail over any other provisions of the lease.

**HAPGC Policy**

The HAPGC does not provide a model or standard dwelling lease for owners to use in the HCV program.

### **Lease Information [24 CFR 982.308(d)]**

The assisted dwelling lease must contain all of the required information as listed below:

- The names of the owner and the tenant:
- The unit rented (address, apartment number, and any other information needed to identify the contract unit)
- The term of the lease (initial term and any provisions for renewal)
- The amount of the monthly rent to owner
- A specification of what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the owner, and what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the family

### **Term of Assisted Tenancy**

The initial term of the assisted dwelling lease must be for at least one year [24 CFR 982.309]. The initial lease term is also stated in the HAP contract. The PHA will not approve an initial lease term of less than one (1) year.

During the initial term of the lease, the owner may not raise the rent [24 CFR 982.309].

Any provisions for renewal of the dwelling lease will be stated in the dwelling lease [HCV Guidebook, pg. 8-22]. There are no HUD requirements regarding any renewal extension terms, except that they must be in the dwelling lease, if they exist.

The HAPGC may execute the HAP contract even if there is less than one year remaining from the beginning of the initial lease term to the end of the last expiring funding increment under the consolidated ACC. [24 CFR 982.309(b)].

### **Security Deposit [24 CFR 982.313 (a) and (b)]**

The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant.

The PHA will allow the owner to collect the same security deposit they charge other non-assisted renters as long as it does not exceed two months contract rent as stated in Maryland State law.

### **Separate Non-Lease Agreements between Owner and Tenant**

Owners may not demand or accept any rent payment from the family in excess of the rent to the owner minus the HAPGC's housing assistance payments to the owner [24 CFR 982.451(b)(4)].

The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises [24 CFR 982.510(c)].

### HAPGC Policy

The HAPGC permits owners and families to execute separate and reasonable cost, non-lease agreements for services, appliances (other than range and refrigerator) and other items that are not included in the lease.

Any items, appliances, or other services that are customarily provided to unassisted families as part of the dwelling lease with those families, or are permanently installed in the dwelling unit must be included in the dwelling lease for the assisted family. These items, appliances or services cannot be placed under a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and family. Side payments for additional rent, or for items, appliances or services customarily provided to unassisted families as part of the dwelling lease for those families, are prohibited.

Any items, appliances, or other services that are not customarily provided to unassisted families as part of the dwelling lease with those families, are not permanently installed in the dwelling unit and where the family has the sole option of not utilizing the item, appliance or service, may be included in a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and the family.

The family is not liable and cannot be held responsible under the terms of the assisted dwelling lease for any charges pursuant to a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and the family. Non-payment of any charges pursuant to a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and the family cannot be a cause for eviction or termination of tenancy under the terms of the assisted dwelling lease.

Separate non-lease agreements that involve additional items, appliances or other services may be considered amenities offered by the owner and may be taken into consideration when determining the reasonableness of the rent for the property.

### **HAPGC Review of Lease**

The HAPGC will review the dwelling lease for compliance with all applicable requirements.

### HAPGC Policy

If the dwelling lease is incomplete or incorrect, the HAPGC will notify the family and the owner of the deficiencies. Missing and corrected lease information will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, or by fax.

Because the initial leasing process is time-sensitive, the HAPGC will attempt to communicate with the owner and family by phone, fax, or email. The HAPGC will use mail when the parties can't be reached by phone, fax, or email.

The HAPGC may review the lease to determine if the lease complies with State and local law and may decline to approve the tenancy if the HAPGC determines that the lease does not comply with State or local law [24 CFR 982.308(c)]

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**9-I.F. TENANCY APPROVAL [24 CFR 982.305]**

After receiving the family's Request for Tenancy Approval, with proposed dwelling lease, the HAPGC must promptly notify the family and owner whether the assisted tenancy is approved.

Prior to approving the assisted tenancy and execution of a HAP contract, the HAPGC must ensure that all required actions and determinations, discussed in Part I of this chapter have been completed.

These actions include ensuring that the unit is eligible; the unit has been inspected by the HAPGC HQS; the lease offered by the owner is approvable and includes the required Tenancy Addendum; the rent to be charged by the owner for the unit is reasonable; where the family is initially leasing a unit and the gross rent of the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the share of rent to be paid by the family does not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income [24 CFR 982.305(a)]; the owner is an eligible owner, not disapproved by the HAPGC, with no conflicts of interest [24 CFR 982.306]; the family and the owner have executed the lease, including the Tenancy Addendum, and the lead-based paint disclosure information [24 CFR 982.305(b)].

**HAPGC Policy**

The HAPGC will complete its determination within 10 business days of receiving all required information.

If the terms of the RFTA/proposed lease are changed for any reason, including but not limited to negotiation with the HAPGC, the HAPGC will obtain corrected copies of the RFTA and proposed lease, signed by the family and the owner.

Corrections to the RFTA/proposed lease will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, or by fax. The HAPGC will not accept corrections over the phone.

If the HAPGC determines the tenancy cannot be approved for any reason, the owner and the family will be notified in writing and given the opportunity to address any reasons for disapproval. The HAPGC will instruct the owner and family of the steps that are necessary to approve the tenancy.

Where the tenancy is not approvable because the unit is not approvable, the family must continue to search for eligible housing within the timeframe of the issued voucher.

If the tenancy is not approvable due to rent affordability (including rent burden and rent reasonableness), the HAPGC will attempt to negotiate the rent with the owner. If a new, approvable rent is negotiated, the tenancy will be approved. If the owner is not willing to negotiate an approvable rent, the family must continue to search for eligible housing within the timeframe of the issued voucher.

**9-I.G. HAP CONTRACT EXECUTION [24 CFR 982.305]**

The HAP contract is a written agreement between the HAPGC and the owner of the dwelling unit occupied by a housing choice voucher assisted family. Under the HAP contract, the HAPGC

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agrees to make housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a specific family occupying a specific unit and obliges the owner to comply with all program requirements.

The HAP contract format is prescribed by HUD.

If the HAPGC has given approval for the family of the assisted tenancy, the owner and the HAPGC execute the HAP contract.

The term of the HAP contract must be the same as the term of the lease [24 CFR 982.451(a)(2)].

The HAPGC is permitted to execute a HAP contract even if the funding currently available does not extend for the full term of the HAP contract.

The HAPGC must make a best effort to ensure that the HAP contract is executed before the beginning of the lease term. Regardless, the HAP contract must be executed no later than 60 calendar days from the beginning of the lease term.

The HAPGC may not pay any housing assistance payment to the owner until the HAP contract has been executed. If the HAP contract is executed during the period of 60 calendar days from the beginning of the lease term, the HAPGC will pay housing assistance payments after execution of the HAP contract (in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract), to cover the portion of the lease term before execution of the HAP contract (a maximum of 60 days).

Any HAP contract executed after the 60 day period is void, and the HAPGC may not pay any housing assistance payment to the owner.

#### HAPGC Policy

The owner and the assisted family will execute the dwelling lease and the owner must provide a copy to the HAPGC. The HAPGC will ensure that both the owner and the assisted family receive copies of the dwelling lease.

The owner and the HAPGC will execute the HAP contract. The HAPGC will not execute the HAP contract until the owner has submitted IRS form W-9. The HAPGC will ensure the owner receives a copy of the executed HAP contract.

The owner and the PHA will execute the HAP contract. The PHA will not execute the HAP contract until the owner has submitted IRS form W-9. The PHA will ensure that the owner receives a copy of the executed HAP contract.

All new owners to the HCV program are required to sign up for direct deposit and have the HAP portion electronically deposited into an account of their choice. Payments will not be initiated until the direct deposit is in place.

#### **9-I.H. CHANGES IN LEASE OR RENT [24 CFR 982.308]**

If the tenant and the owner agree to any changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the HAPGC a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must remain in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

Generally, HAPGC approval of tenancy and execution of a new HAP contract are not required for changes in the lease. However, under certain circumstances, voucher assistance in the unit shall not be continued unless the HAPGC has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner. These circumstances include:

- Changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances
- Changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease
- The family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex

In these cases, if the HCV assistance is to continue, the family must submit a new Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA) along with a new dwelling lease containing the altered terms. A new tenancy must then be approved in accordance with this chapter.

Where the owner is changing the amount of rent, the owner must notify the HAPGC of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least 60 days before any such changes go into effect [24 CFR 982.308(g)(4)]. The HAPGC will agree to such an increase only if the amount of the rent to owner is considered reasonable according to the rent reasonableness standards discussed in Chapter 8. If the requested rent is not found to be reasonable, the owner must either reduce the requested rent increase, or give the family notice in accordance with the terms of the lease.

No rent increase is permitted during the initial term of the lease [24 CFR 982.309(a)(3)].

#### HAPGC Policy

Where the owner is requesting a rent increase, the HAPGC will determine whether the requested increase is reasonable within 10 business days of receiving the request from the owner. The owner will be notified of the determination in writing.

Rent increases can only be approved on the contract renewal date.

Requests received less than 60 days prior to the renewal date will not be considered.

Owner responsibly changes for utilities will only be approved on the contract renewal date.

Requests received less than 60 days prior to the renewal date will not be considered.